

# 275 FIRST-IN-CLASS IKK ALPHA SELECTIVE COMPOUNDS

## ► Asset Overview

<b>Product Type</b>	Small Molecule
<b>Indication</b>	Oncology
<b>Current Stage</b>	Lead discovery/optimization
<b>Target (MoA)</b>	IKK ALPHA Selective Compounds
<b>Brief Description</b>	reports suggest intestinal and liver toxicity has been an issue in clinical trials of IKK $\beta$ inhibitors. Given the growing evidence that IKK $\alpha$ has an important role in a number of cancers, the development of selective IKK $\alpha$ inhibitors is an attractive approach and selectivity over IKK $\beta$ will facilitate the use of such compounds clinically. Recent data has indicated that Lymphotoxin B, which activates the alternative NF- $\kappa$ B pathway via IKK $\alpha$ , is an important driver of castrate resistant prostate cancer and may stimulate tumour progression/proliferation following androgen deprivation therapy.
<b>Organization</b>	Cancer Research UK

## ► Differentiation

### □ Unmet Needs

- For castrate resistant prostate cancer, current therapies exert inadequate therapeutic benefit, Of 1 in 8 men diagnosed with prostate cancer, 25 will die of metastatic disease. Despite the approval of four new agents ( abiraterone, enzalutamide and provenge) that have been shown to prolong life for up to 3-9 months in advanced PC patients, it remains an incurable disease

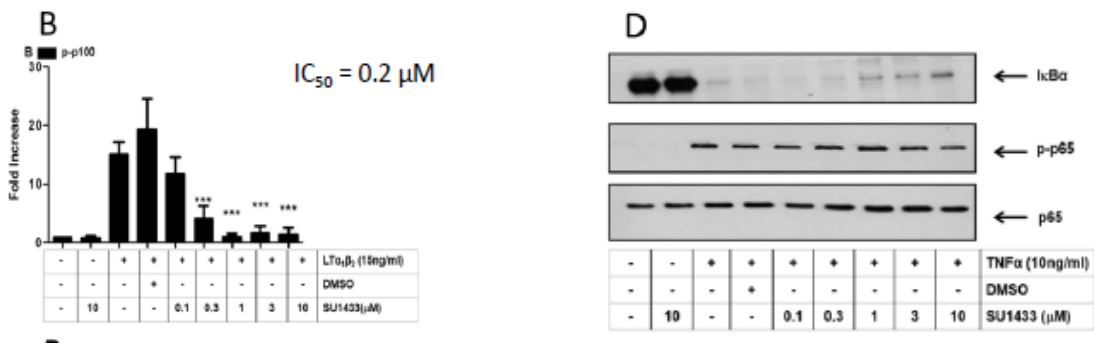
### □ Innovations

- A mutation that prevents IKK  $\alpha$  activation slows down prostate cancer growth and inhibits metastasis in TRAMP mice
- Suppression of IKK  $\alpha$  by siRNA delays the appearance of CRPC in the murine myc CaP allograft model of PC
- The amount of active nuclear IKK  $\alpha$  in mouse and human prostate cancer correlates with metastatic progression
- Nuclear IKK  $\alpha$  appears to provide a mechanism for hormone resistance in the development of CRPC
- Deletion of BAG 3 which is required for IKK  $\alpha$  nuclear translocation delays development of castrate resistant disease

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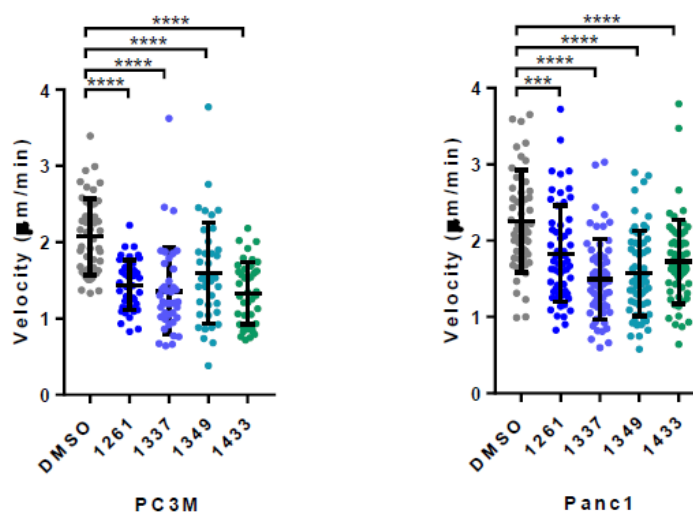
## ► Key Data

SU1433 inhibits IKK $\alpha$ PD markers in the non-canonical NF- $\kappa$ B pathway in pancreatic cancer cells



SU 1433 inhibits LT $\alpha$  1  $\beta$  2 induced phosphorylation of p p 100 and had no effect on TNF $\alpha$  mediated I $\kappa$ B  $\alpha$  degradation and phosphorylation of p 65 NF  $\kappa$ B in Panc 1 cells

SU1433 inhibits migration of pancreatic cancer cells



SU1433 (and SU1349) inhibits PC3M and Panc1 cell migration at 1  $\mu$ M as assessed by timelapse microscopy

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Studies in nude mice bearing PC3M xenografts show SU1433 inhibits tumour growth by 60%

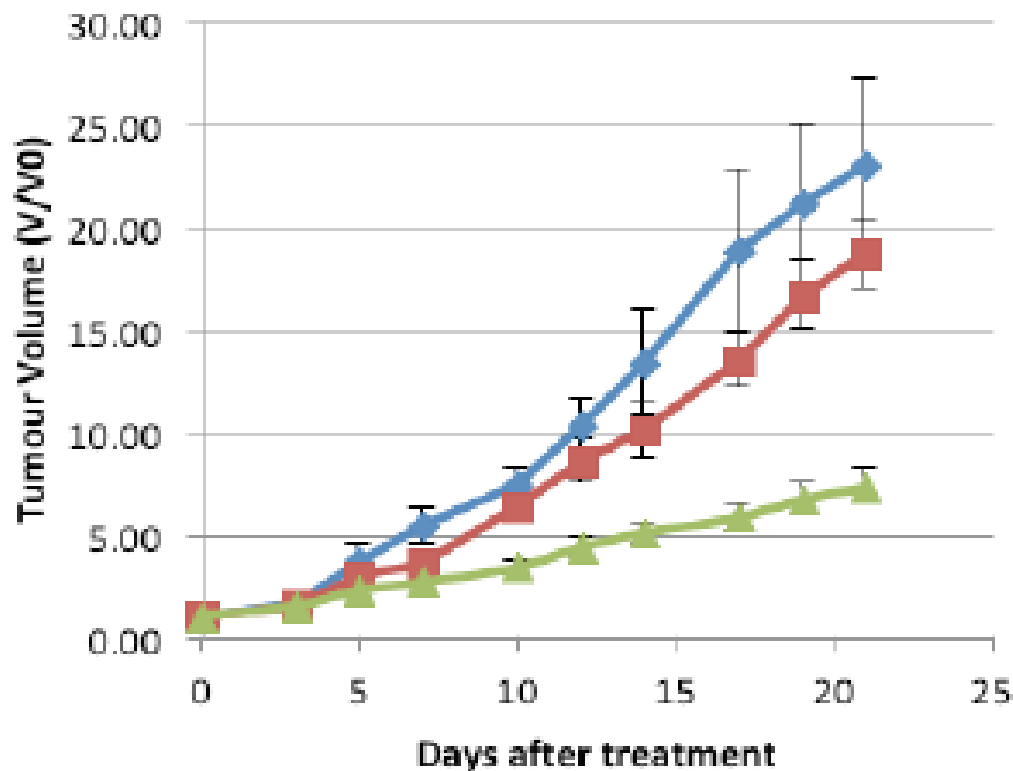


Figure 1. Tumour efficacy in metastatic prostate cancer model: The three groups were control no-treatment group (diamonds), vehicle alone treatment (squares) and treatment group (triangles) which were treated with once daily I.P. injection of lead compound at 50mg/kg. Tumours were established in nude mice for 8 days following subcutaneous injection of PC3MLuc-c6 cells before mice were randomized into three treatment groups of 8 mice in each.

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## ► Intellectual Property

Patent No.	
Application Date	
Status	
Country	

## ► Contact Information

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