Orally Bioavailable and Brain 224 Penetrant Mps1/TTK inhibitors as cancer therapeutics

Asset Overview

Product Type	Small molecule
Indication	Oncology
Current Stage	Lead Identification/optimization
Target(MoA)	Mps1/TTK inhibitor
Brief Description	Upregulation of the mitotic kinase Mps1/TTK correlates to aggressive
	phenotypes in both solid and hematological malignancies. Researchers at
	Ohio State have discovered an orally bioavailable and brain penetrant
	Mps1/TTK inhibitor that exhibits single agent tumor growth inhibition in a
	murine xenograft model of human triple-negative breast cancer (TNBC)
	upon daily administration.
Organization	The Ohio State University

Differentiation

Rationale for Targeting Mps1

- Mps1 activates the spindle assembly checkpoint to ensure faithful segregation of chromosomes during mitosis
- In the context of the increased chromosomal instability typical of cancer, Mps1 upregulation prevents mitotic catastrophe due to severe aneuploidy
- In cancer, pharmacologic inhibition of Mps1 causes severe defects in chromosomal segregation, resulting in catastrophic levels of aneuploidy
- Importantly, Mps1 inhibition synergizes with microtubule-targeted therapy, presenting clear opportunities for combination therapy

□ Key Information about Mps1 Inhibitor

- The lead is designed to provide an advantageous combination of potency and safety to dampen systemic toxicity without sacrificing therapeutic effect
- Tumor-bearing mice dosed daily for six weeks with an efficacious dose of our lead compound exhibited no adverse effects on body weight
- Oral bioavailability in mice was 59% with a brain-to-plasma ratio of 0.2
- Anti-proliferative effect has been demonstrated in vitro on cell lines spanning a number of indications
- In vitro functional assays confirm that our lead compound disrupts the proper functioning of the spindle assembly checkpoint and decreases centriole duplication
- Upcoming preclinical studies are intended to assess PK/PD relationship, efficacy and safety
- In vitro ADME studies and structural characterization of the binding between Mps1 and our lead compound are in progress
- Mps1 expression level, aneuploidy status and/or genetic background may predict sensitivity to our lead compound

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Key Data

Syntheses of Compounds 1, 7, 9 and 13



Reagents and conditions: (a) di-tert-Butyldicarbonate, DMAP, DIEA, DCM, reflux, 15 min. (b) 2-(Isopropylsulfonyl)aniline, Pd2(dba)3, XPhos, K2CO3, t-butanol, 100 C, 4 h. (c) 1-(4-Amino-3-methoxyphenyl-piperidin-4-ol, Pd2(dba)3, XPhos, K2CO3, t-butanol, 100 C, 6 h. (d) 2-Methoxyaniline,Pd2(dba)3, XPhos, K2CO3, tbutanol, 100 C, 4 h. (c) 1-(4-amino-3methoxyphenyl)-piperidin-4-ol, Pd2(dba)3, XPhos, K2CO3, t-butanol, 100 C, 6 h. (e) TFA, DCM, rt, 4 h. 2-Methoxy-morpholinoaniline, Pd2(dba)3, XPhos, K2CO3, t-butanol, 100 C, 4 h. (g) Cyclohexylamine, TEA, EtOH, reflux, overnight. (h) di-tert-butyldicarbonate, DMAP, DIEA, DCM, reflux, 2-methoxy-4-morpholinoaniline, 15 min. (i) Pd2(dba)3, XPhos, K2CO3, t-butanol, 100 C, 6 h.

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Compound 1 and compound 13 attenuate the spindle assembly checkpoint in breast cancer cells



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IC50 of Mps1/TTK Inhibitors (small molecule)

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Two human tumor cell lines were treated for 72 hours with our lead compound or one of three reported Mps1 inhibitor clinical candidates. Our lead compound shows a similar dose-response profile to the clinical candidates with the expected reduced potency. (Reaction Biology Corp.)

Therapeutic effects of Mps1/TTK Inhibitors (small molecule)



OSU's lead compound attenuates growth of a Cal-51 Triple Negative Breast Cancer (TNBC) xenograft in mice when dosed daily at 10 mg/kg IP for 6 weeks

Intellectual Property

Patent No.	US 2019-0106422 A1
Application Date	2015.11.05
Status	Application Pending
Country	US

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